

Trends, Consumerism,

- 1. Consumer spending
- 2. Consumer habits
- 3. Consumer needs
- 4. to over-consume
- 5. excessive consumption of material goods
- 6. to indulge oneself потакать себе
- 7. **obsolescence** = deliberately making goods that quickly go out of style or no longer function in order to assure profits both on the original purchase and on replacement purchases in the future
- 8. a cornerstone / headstone of modern economy краеугольный камень
- 9. to pump out goods
- 10. to profit/benefit from smth
- 11. To manipulate smb into doing smth
- **12. To lure smb into doing smth** to persuade someone to do something, especially something wrong or dangerous, by making it seem attractive or exciting
- 13. Persuasion: the act of moving by argument to a belief, opinion or course of action.
- 14. To persuade / get smb to do smth *We couldn't get him to sign the agreement.*
- 15. Persuasive devices средства убеждения
- 16.To be conditioned to do smth to be made to behave in a certain way by influencing them for a long period of time
- 17. To create and sustain the demand for non-essential goods
- 18. The necessities товары первой необходимости



- 19. To do without smth обойтись без ч-л
- 20. To make do with smth обойтись чем-либо
- 21. to achieve/attain happiness
- 22. to pursue the "American Dream"
- 23. to buy smb happiness
- 24. to bring smb contentment the state of being happy and satisfied
- 25. to be in fashion
- 26. to go out of style
- 27. to be gripped by smth = to be influenced/ impacted/ affected by = to have a strong effect on someone or something,
- 28. To be immersed in smth (advertising environment) быть погруженным в повсеместную атмосферу рекламы
- 29.to hold primacy in smb's life = play the lead = play a key role
- 30."affluenza" a lifestyle centered upon the pursuit of material goods
- 31. self-expression the expression of your feelings or thoughts, especially through activities such as painting, writing, or acting (самовыражение)
- 32.to give smb room for self-expression
- 33. self-awareness knowledge and understanding of yourself (самосознание)
- 34. self-esteem the feeling of being satisfied with your own abilities, and that you deserve to be liked or respected (самооценка, чувство собственного достоинства)
- 35. low / poor self-esteem
- 36. to build up / bolster / raise one's self-esteem
- 37.to undermine / to damage smb's self-esteem



- 38.self-confidence уверенность в себе
- 39.self-mutilation членовредительство
- 40.to develop an eating disorder
- 41. to develop a lack of imagination and individuality
- 42. an aftermath / an outcome / a side-effect / an after-effect / a pay-off / a backwash of smth последствие чего-либо
- 43.to portray / to project an image показывать образ
- 44.to feature (semi-naked women) показывать (о ролике, фильме)
- 45.to glorify / promote ideas продвигать, прославлять идеи
- 46.to be reflected in advertising быть отраженным в рекламе
- 47.latent discomfort with smth скрытое недовольство чем-либо
- 48.to rise to the surface вылезти на поверхность
- 49. to hit too close to home = it's so close to the truth that it hurts

Idioms

- ② a bigger slice of the cake a share of the available money or benefits that you believe you have a right to.
- spend money like it's going out of style and spend money like there's no tomorrow Fig. to spend money recklessly; to spend money as if it were worthless or will soon be worthless.
- ① To pour money down the drain to waste money having spent it on smth useless
- spend money like water If someone spends money like water, they spend too much Carol spends money like water no wonder she's always broke.



- ① **To stock up on / with smth -** to buy a large amount of something so that you will have enough for future use
- ① To splash out on smth to spend a fortune on smth in a lump sum
- To splash the plastic to waste money on entertainment and other non-necessary things
- to keep up with the Joneses is an <u>idiom</u> in many parts of the <u>English</u>-speaking world referring to the comparison to one's neighbor as a benchmark for <u>social caste</u> or the accumulation of material goods. To fail to "keep up with the Joneses" is perceived as demonstrating socio-economic or cultural inferiority.
- ① to cut the cord to stop the influence of smth on smb

Questions for discussion:

- What are the elements of a product that make it valuable?
- Ads sell ideas not products. Do you agree?
- In what ways and for what reasons might people overconsume?
- Can consumer needs be created?
- What are the values most ads appeal to both explicitly and implicitly? What lifestyles / fantasies do they promote?
- How do ads bolster the demand for non-essential goods?
- Could you think of some attitudes cultivated by excessive consumer spending? (E.g. "More is better", "happiness can be attained through the acquisition of material goods" etc.)
- How do you regard the notion of "American Dream"?
- What might be the outcomes of restless efforts to keep up with the Joneses?
- Do you believe in the notion of obsolescence? Provide examples.
- Comment on the concept of "throwaway society"
- Comment on the well-known ad: "There are some things money can't buy. For everything else, there is Master Card." What is the underlying message? Is this ethical?



- What do you think of sales-shopping? Discounters help or hindrance?
- What cultural aspects happen to be threatened by consumerism?
- What seems to be the fastest growing consumer demographic?
- Is there a connection between the increase in advertising and social unrest?
- What might be psychological impacts of advertising?
- Can advertising be responsible for plummeting self-esteem?
- Can images portrayed in ads be behind elevated cases of depression, self-mutilation, eating disorders?
- What's your opinion on plastic surgeries? Can the trend for being operated on be regarded at the aftermath of consumerism?